

MFL Policy

Audience:	Parents School staff Local Governing Bodies
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	Curriculum
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All school policies form a public and accountable statement of intent. This policy is intended to create an agreed whole-school approach of which staff, children, parents, governors and other agencies have a clear understanding. It reflects the essential part that MFL plays in the education of our children. It is important that a positive attitude towards MFL is encouraged among all children and staff in order to foster self- confidence and a sense of achievement. The policy also explains how we, as a school, meet our legal requirements in this subject area.

Aims and objectives

"In the knowledge society of the 21st century, language competence and intercultural understanding are not optional extras, they are an essential part of being a citizen. Language skills are also vital in improving understanding between people here and in the wider world, and in supporting global citizenship by breaking down barriers of ignorance and suspicion between nations. Learning other languages gives us insight into the people, culture and traditions of other countries, and helps us to understand our own language and culture."

"Schools already offering languages learning in the primary phase have found that pupils who start language learning earlier are more receptive to learning languages and more motivated. Early language learning can reinforce literacy skills and nurture enthusiasm that is carried on into secondary school."

"Our vision is clear – we must provide an opportunity for early language learning to harness children's learning potential and enthusiasm." Languages for all – languages for life (DfES)

At Sir Martin Frobisher Academy we offer the Spanish curriculum to all KS2 pupils. The teaching of

MFL offers opportunities for children to:
\square become increasingly familiar with the sounds and written form of a modern foreign language;
☐ develop language skills and language-learning skills;
understand and communicate in a new language;
\square make comparisons between the foreign language and English or another language;
☐ increase their cultural awareness by learning about different countries and their people, and
working with materials from those countries and communities;
\square foster positive attitudes towards foreign language learning;
\square use their knowledge with growing confidence and competence to understand what they hear and
read, and to express themselves in speech and in writing;
\Box form a sound basis for further study at key stage 3 and beyond.

Curriculum Planning

As part of a new primary National Curriculum, taking effect from September 2014, learning Spanish has become a requirement for children within KS2.

The Scheme of Work for Years 3 to 6 is based around the Early Start programme in terms of topics studied. The scheme of work assumes no previous knowledge of the language. It is planned for progression as pupils go through the school, ensuring a basic knowledge of a wide variety of topics by entry into Key Stage 3 and offering tasks of increasing complexity as pupils grow.

Each unit contains key grammar and vocabulary, aims to reinforce other areas of the curriculum, and gives opportunities to reflect on similarities and differences between people and countries where French is spoken. Early Start has lessons with teacher notes, flashcards, worksheets etc which will be



used each lesson. As the planning is already provided, teachers will work through each lesson chronologically. Teachers can adapt the lessons to suit the needs for their class.

Teaching and learning styles

Children are encouraged to increase their knowledge of how language works and to explore differences and similarities between the new language and English or another language. Pupils learn in many ways and to accommodate this, a variety of learning styles are used including song, games, pictures, video and audio material, computing etc. Pupils are encouraged to share their experiences of other languages and cultures, and find things out for themselves. Pupils work individually, in pairs, small groups and in whole class situations according to the activity. Work is mainly oral, but an increasingly number of reading and writing tasks are included through the programme. On occasion, pupils can be recorded orally and through videos.

Differentiation

We are aware that pupils bring to school different experiences, interests and strengths that will influence the way in which they learn, and we take this into consideration when planning approaches to teaching and learning which will allow all pupils to participate fully and effectively.

Early Start Spanish is designed to cater for all pupils. It is also designed to be challenging and raise expectations. We recognise that all classes have children of widely differing abilities. Suitable opportunities are provided for all children by matching the challenge of the task to the ability and experience of the pupil. Teachers can adapt the planning to suit individual needs, differentiating to allow all to achieve, building self-esteem and fulfilling the aim to give all pupils the opportunity to experience success in learning and to achieve as high a standard as possible.

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This is achieved by, for example,	
\square setting common tasks which are open ended and can have a variety of responses:	
setting tasks of increasing difficulty (not all pupils complete all tasks);	
\square providing resources of different complexities matched to the ability of the child;	
\square using additional resources to support the work of individual children / groups of children;	
using peer support by partnering pupils of disparate ability to complete tasks.	

Teaching MFL to pupils with special needs

All Key Stage 2 pupils at Sir Martin Frobisher Academy are taught MFL. It forms part of the school's policy to offer a broad and balanced education for all children. Appropriate learning opportunities are offered and support given, taking into account the targets identified on EHC Plans.

Links with other areas of the curriculum

Learning another language presents opportunities for the reinforcement of knowledge, skills and understanding developed in other curriculum areas. These opportunities can be exploited through aspects of:

\square English: development of speaking and listening skills, knowledge and understanding of grammar and
sentence construction. Opportunities to compare the foreign language with English or another
language can be exploited through use of the new alphabet, phonemes, rhyming patterns,
sound/spelling links, dictionary work, formation of structures (such as singular/plural, gender,
negatives, question forms, position of adjectives, imperatives), intonation, dialogues, poetry, different
text types, formation of complex sentences;

☐ Computing: use of e-mail with schools abroad, materials from the internet and satellite television, video and audio, presentation of data, word-processing;



Assessment and recording

Pupils' work is assessed informally on the basis of observation during the lesson. This is particularly important for oral work. At the end of a piece of work, pupils may check each other's answers, particularly for a listening or reading activity, but the teacher will always mark and comment on the work. Very simple comments are made in the target language such as Bien, Bon effort etc, and longer comments in English. Verbal feedback is also given with examples of good practice shared to encourage and motivate. Teachers will encourage children to reflect and identify areas where they achieved well and need more practise.

Resources

Sir Martin Frobisher Academy has Early Start as the main online resource. There is also a folder on the server where staff can find planning and assessment materials in addition to other useful Spanish resources. This is a growing resource which is continually being added to over time.

Role of the subject leader

The MFL lead is responsible for coordinating MFL through the school. This includes:
\square To have an impact on raising standards of attainment for MFL across the whole school
☐ Preparing policy documents
\square Ensuring continuity and progression from year group to year group
\square Providing all members of staff with guidance to show how aims are to be achieved and how the
variety of all aspects of MFL is to be taught
\square Advising on in-service training to staff where appropriate. This will be in line with the needs
identified in the School Development Plan and within the confines of the school budget
\square Advising and supporting colleagues in the implementation and assessment of MFL throughout the
school
\square Assisting with requisition and maintenance of resources required for the teaching of MFL, again this
will be within the confines of the school budget.
☐ Monitoring progress over time
\square Maintaining an overview of current trends and developments within the subject
\square Looking at displays around the school to identify especially valuable examples of study. Photographs
of special events and visits also provide a rich source of evidence of teaching and learning.



Role of the class teacher

\square Ensure the effective implementation of the Statutory National Curriculum for MFL (through Early
Start).
\square Ensure that work is differentiated to enable all children to reach their full potential.
\square Use the classroom environment to support the teaching and learning of Speaking, Listening, Reading and Writing of Spanish.
☐ Make effective use of Assessment for Learning within MFL.
Role of the LSA where applicable
Role of the LSA where applicable Support the class teacher in the effective implementation of MFL.

